### WHO Guidelines on personal protective measures to prevent spread of Coronavirus

#### Wash your hands

Wash your hands with soap and running water when hands are visibly dirty





If your hands are not visibly dirty, frequently clean them by using alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water



## Protect yourself and others from getting sick Wash your hands



- after coughing or sneezing
- when caring for the sick
- before, during and after you prepare food
- before eating
- after toilet use
- when hands are visibly dirty
- after handling animals or animal waste



#### Protect others from getting sick

When coughing and sneezing cover mouth and nose with flexed elbow or tissue





Throw tissue into closed bin immediately after use

Clean hands with alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water after coughing or sneezing and when caring for the sick





#### Protect others from getting sick



**Avoid close contact** when you are experiencing cough and fever

**Avoid spitting in public** 



If you have fever, cough and difficulty breathing seek medical care early and share previous travel history with your health care provider



Avoid travel if you have a fever and cough





If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing seek medical care early and share previous travel history with your health care provider



Avoid close contact with people suffering from a fever and cough





Frequently clean hands by using alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water

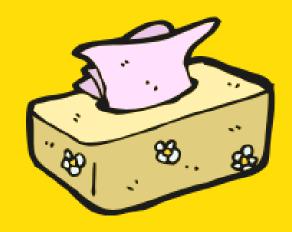
Avoid touching eyes, nose or mouth







When coughing and sneezing cover mouth and nose with flexed elbow or tissue – throw tissue away immediately and wash hands





If you choose to wear a face mask, be sure to cover mouth and nose - avoid touching mask once it's on

Immediately discard single-use mask after each use and wash hands after removing masks



## STAY HEALTHY

### WHILE TRAVELLING

If you become sick while travelling, inform crew and seek medical care early





If you seek medical attention, share travel history with your health care provider



Eat only wellcooked food





Avoid spitting in public

Avoid close contact and travel with animals that are sick





### Practise food safety

experiencing outbreaks, meat products can be safely consumed if these items are cooked thoroughly and properly handled during food preparation.





### Practise food safety

Use different chopping boards and knives for raw meat and cooked foods





Wash your hands between handling raw and cooked food.



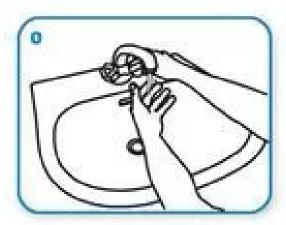
### Practise food safety

Sick animals and animals that have died of diseases should not be eaten

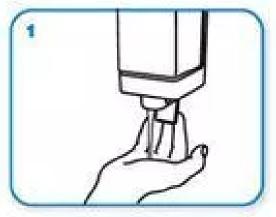




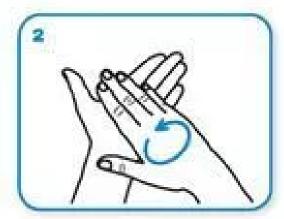
## Hand Washing Technique



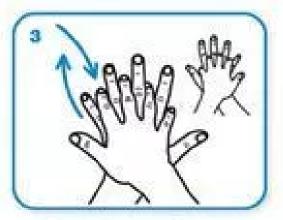
Wet hands with water



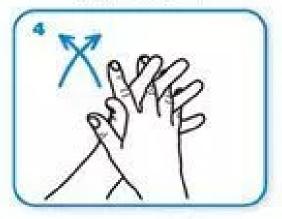
apply enough soap to cover all hand surfaces.



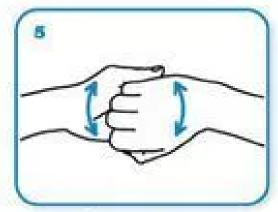
Rub hands paim to paim



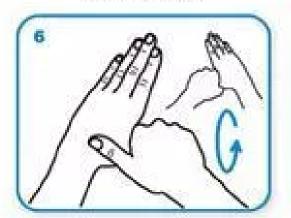
right palm over left dorsum with interlaced fingers and vice versa



palm to palm with fingers interlaced



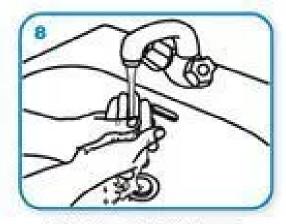
backs of fingers to opposing palms with fingers interlocked



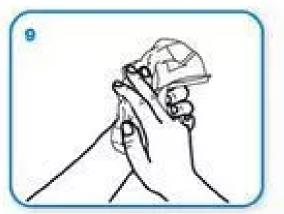
rotational rubbing of left thumb clasped in right palm and vice versa



rotational rubbing, backwards and forwards with clasped fingers of right hand in left palm and vice versa.



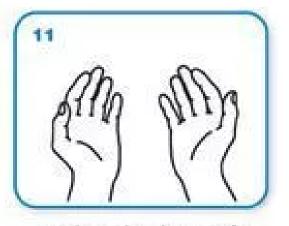
Rinse hands with water



dry thoroughly with a single use towel



use towel to turn off faucet



...and your hands are safe.

### WHEN TO USE A MASK

For healthy people wear a mask only if you are taking care of a person with suspected 2019nCoV infection

Wear a mask, if you are coughing or sneezing

Masks are effective only when used in combination with frequent hand-cleaning with alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water

If you wear a mask then you must know how to use it and dispose of it properly

